DESCRIPTION:
Christian ethics is the serious study of matters of good and evil, right and wrong, from the vantage point of Jesus Christ, Holy Scripture, and the Church. In this perspective . . . What constitutes good, virtuous, healthy character (for individuals, churches and other social groups)? How do we discern and do the right thing in the face of various ethical dilemmas and quandaries? How do Christian moral values play out in a diverse, multicultural, multifaith world? How do individuals, churches, and schools teach and promote moral character and action?

Ethics is oriented toward practice. No subject should be more relevant for theological study and Christian ministry than the exploration of how divine goodness and theological truth can be expressed in our historical realities. No ministry can be faithful or complete if it does not prepare the people for righteous living and accompany them through the ethical minefields of our time and place.

OBJECTIVES & LEARNING OUTCOMES:
Students who complete this course will be able to
1. Define ethics as a field of study and the key process and content distinctives of a Christian ethics;
2. Summarize and communicate classic biblical ethics texts such as the Decalogue and Beatitudes;
3. Identify, Analyze, and Resolve ethical dilemmas in a Christian manner
4. Study and teach the ethical implications of biblical texts;
5. Develop and communicate biblical Christian perspectives on major ethical issues of our time;
6. Draw on historical, ecclesiastical, and academic resources for ethical insight.

FORMAT:
This course will meet once per week from 6:00-9:00 p.m. on Wednesday evenings with multiple optional discussion sections from 5:00-6:00pm. Course sessions will include lectures, discussions, and student presentations. See the schedule below for reading and writing assignments.

REQUIRED READING:
Ellul, Jacques  The Presence of the Kingdom (CoSprngs: Helmers & Howard,1989)
Gill, David W.  Becoming Good: Building Moral Character  (IVP, 2000)
Hollinger, Dennis, Choosing the Good: Christian Ethics in a Complex World (Baker, 2002)

RECOMMENDED READING ADDITIONS TO YOUR PERSONAL LIBRARY
Stassen, Glenn  & David Gushee, Kingdom Ethics: Following Jesus in Contemporary Context (IVP,2003)
Wright, Christopher J. H., Old Testament Ethics for the People of God (IVP, 2004)

ASSIGNMENTS: (assignment details follow “Schedule” in this syllabus)
(submit all work to professor as e-mail attachments in MSWord format; no paper accepted)
Three papers (5-7 pages each; 1250-1750 words) (each 25% of grade; 75% total).
1. exposition/interpretation of the ethical meaning of a selected biblical text
2. analytical account of an important historical figure or movement in Christian ethics
3. analysis of an important contemporary ethical dilemma
Final exam (take home) on whole course, including required readings (20% of grade)
Attendance (take home) on whole course, including required readings (20% of grade)

Attendance (presence, preparation, participation) (5% of grade)
SCHEDULE:

(1) September 14   Introduction: What is Ethics? . . . and What Makes it Christian?
Good & evil, right & wrong; Ethics, Jesus, Scripture, Church, & World; Theological & philosophical traditions in ethics; sociological & historical perspectives on ethics and morality
Read: Presence of the Kingdom; Becoming Good, Ch 1; Doing Right, Ch 1

By Saturday September 17 e-mail to dgill@ethixbiz.com a one-paragraph description (in the text of the e-mail message) of an ethical dilemma or problem case you have personally faced or had to help others cope with. Be discreet and wise: protect actual identities as necessary!

(2) September 21 Case Analysis & Decision-Making
Analyzing & resolving cases; prayer, community, research, discernment, reason, wisdom, courage
Read: Hollinger, Choosing the Good

(3) September 28 Character & Community
Shaping/re-shaping character; clarifying mission/purpose; building moral community; Beatitudes, Pauline virtues (faith, hope, love)
Read: Becoming Good, Chs 2 – 11; memorize Beatitudes

(4) October 5 Principles & Practices
Read: Doing Right, Ch 2; memorize Decalogue

(5) October 12f. Research Projects
Complete (1) biblical text paper; Due Monday October 17

(6) October 19 The First Five Principles of Highly Ethical People
Decalogue 1-5: no other gods, no idols/images, no misuse of name, Sabbath & work, honor father/mother
Read: Doing Right, Chs 3-7

(7) October 26 The Ethics of Life & Death
Ethical boundaries protecting---and mandates promoting---life and health.
Read: Doing Right, Ch 8;

(8) November 2 The Ethics of Relationships & Sexuality
Protecting and promoting faithful covenanted relationships & healthy sexual expression.
Read: Doing Right, Ch 9;

(9) November 9f. Research Projects
Complete historical figure/movement paper; Due Monday November 14

(10) November 16 The Ethics of Work & Property
Protecting and promoting fairness and faithful stewardship in the economic arenas of life.
Read: Doing Right, Ch 10

(11) November 23 Research Projects
Complete ethical problem paper; Due Monday November 28

(12) November 30 The Ethics of Truth & Communication
Protecting and promoting honest and edifying communication in our world
Read: Doing Right, Ch 11

(13) December 7 Ethical Attitudes
Guarding against bad attitudes and destructive motivations that threaten to displace love and grace.
Read: Doing Right, Ch 12, Postscript

(14) December 14 Final Course Review & Exam
**PAPER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS**

Grading/value: each 25% of grade; 75% total
Length: 5-7 pages each, space-and-a-half format (1250-1750 words)
Footnotes or end-notes or notes in body of text—your choice
Research Method: (use at least three different sources in preparing your papers; identify/credit sources)
  - Do a search on web (Google or other engine)
  - Encyclopedia or dictionary articles
  - Histories, Bible commentaries
  - Books, magazines, journal articles
  - Interview people with expertise on topic

(1) exposition/interpretation of the ethical meaning of a selected biblical text
This course is very big on the idea that Christian ethics ought to be biblical through and through. We will study the Beatitudes and Decalogue in class and in depth and make reference to many other texts. This assignment is intended to get you to improve your ability to interpret and apply the moral teaching of the Bible. Pick a biblical text that interests you and bring it alive as a sermon or lesson. Could be one of the great stories in OT or NT (regarding Joseph, Deborah, Abraham, David, Peter, et al); could be a piece of the didactic ethical teaching of the Law, Writings, or Prophets; or a Psalm; or a parable; or part of the Apostolic teaching; or an eschatological vision. Just don’t do the Decalogue or Beatitudes (since they are central in our class already). Here are some questions your paper should answer:
  - What does the text say about matters of right/wrong, good/evil?
  - What did it mean in context?
  - What does it mean to us?
  - What are the ethical lessons from this text? According to other commentators? You?

(3) analytical account of a historical figure or movement in Christian ethics
Pick a figure or movement you admire or are curious about (maybe your own church tradition?). Needs to be somebody (or some movement) whose impact on our thinking about, or practice of, Christian ethics is significant. Probably not a living, contemporary figure. This assignment gives you an opportunity to explore a historical contributor to Christian ethics in a deeper way. We cannot do justice to the history of Christian ethics in this short course—so here is your chance to make one historical exploration. Here are some examples: Augustine, Thomas Aquinas, Menno Simons, the Amish, the Catholic Worker Movement, Martin Luther King, Jr., Mother Teresa, John Wesley, C.S.Lewis, Dietrich Bonhoeffer, Martin Luther, John Calvin, Karl Barth, Walter Rauschenbusch, Soren Kierkegaard, Catholic Social Teachings in the 19th-20th Centuries, Aimee Semple McPherson. But YOU CHOOSE. Doesn’t have to be anyone on this list. Here are some questions your brief paper should answer:
  - Who was this?
  - Why are they important?
  - What were their main ideas about right/wrong, good/evil (i.e., ethics)?
  - What would be a typical, representative quotation or two? (not just secondary reviewers’ opinions)
  - What were their positive contributions to Christian ethics as you see it? Their strengths?
  - What were their weaknesses? Places where their approach is incomplete or wrong?

(3) analysis of an important contemporary ethical dilemma or topic
We will look at many topical areas in the course—and the required readings will help you engage with others. But in a short course like this we cannot do justice to all issues and topics. So here is your chance to probe a particular topical area in more depth. Your topic could be abortion, premarital sex, stem cell research, executive compensation, censorship—whatever interests you.
  - What are the facts?
  - What are the ethical/biblical values and principles at stake? Why is there controversy?
  - What do Christian leaders think is right here? What is the range of opinion?
  - What are the basic guidelines you propose for this problem area? Why? What grounds?
  - How should we handle disagreements with other Christians? With society?
ATTENDANCE POLICY
Academic credit for a course requires regular attendance, not just completion of the assignments. Attendance means being present in the class for the entire scheduled class meeting, not just some part of it. In the event of absence for any reason, you are responsible for any information or class content missed. Additional work to make up work may be required for an absence. If you are absent from a significant portion of the course, or if you are frequently late for class meetings, even due to extenuating circumstances, this may result in a lower or even failing grade for the course. Please inform the professor well in advance of any urgent circumstances requiring you to be late or absent.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY
Students are expected to review and understand the academic integrity standards and commitments of Gordon-Conwell Theological Seminary. Our community values serious intellectual engagement and personal faithfulness more highly than grades or degrees. We are committed to being beyond reproach in our academic work as a reflection of a Christian character. We commit to honesty in all aspects of our work. Ask for help from your professor or your counselors and support group if you find yourself tempted to engage in any of the following violations of academic integrity --- or are just having great difficulty in your studies:

- Submitting the same work in whole or in part in more than one course without the permission of the professor(s);
- Submitting as one’s own work paper(s) obtained from another source;
- Plagiarism, i.e., large and/or multiple unattributed quotations or paraphrases of ideas from published or unpublished sources;
- Unpermitted collaboration in preparing assignments;
- Cheating on exams by any means;
- Aiding another student on papers and tests in violation of these commitments.

Any of these violations will result in a failing grade in the course and a report to the dean.
Book Discussion: Jacques Ellul, *The Presence of the Kingdom* (1948)

Ch 1: The Christian in the World & Ch 2: Revolutionary Christianity
How does Ellul describe the "world" in these two chapters? Do you agree?

How does he describe the desirable character & presence of a Christian in this world? Do you agree?

Ch 3: The End & the Means
What does Ellul mean when he says everything has become a means? That the means have become the ends, etc.? Do you agree? Is this true for Muslim Fundamentalists today?

Ch 4: The Problem of Communication
Define “awareness,” “phenomena,” and “explanatory myth.” How can we become truly aware? Do you agree that “becoming aware” is one of the primary duties of thinking Christians today?

Ch 5: Prologue & Conclusion
What kind of revolution does Ellul propose? Do you agree?

General:
What other insights or ideas did you get out of this book?

How is Ellul’s approach different than what you typically hear from Christian leaders these days?

What are the weaknesses or unanswered questions in Ellul’s book as you see it?