An exegesis of the Book of Acts with special attention to its Greco-Roman and Jewish background, the narrative genre, and guidelines for ministry today.

GOALS
This course addresses the Gordon-Conwell Theological Seminary Mission Statement by:
1. encouraging students to become more knowledgeable of the structure and theology of the Book of Acts in its historical milieu and more competent in using language, interpretative and application skills learned in NT502 and Greek 1 & 11 (mission goal 1). Students will be encouraged to become creative, original, careful scholars who employ primary source materials and who allow conclusions to flow from a careful and accurate reading of the text and to further an enjoyment and awe of God and of the New Testament.
2. introducing students to the Christian scholarship issues in Acts (goal 2);
3. helping students mature in their character, outlook, conduct, relationships, and involvement in society by the teacher’s model, class dialogue, mentoring opportunities, and prayer (goal 4);
4. providing resources and strategies that will lead to effective local and global ministry, missions, evangelism, and discipleship as evident in Acts (goals 3, 5, 6).

COURSE REQUIREMENTS
1. An original historical context study of the Book of Acts (3-6 double-spaced pp.). Due Feb. 8 (grace 10 or postmark 2/10) (10%)
2. A "character"/thematic study (1 p.) and an outline (1-2 pp.) of Acts due Feb. 15 (grace 17 or postmark 2/17) (20%). Assignments #1 & 2 may also be revised for a higher grade through week 6 if both drafts are handed in (March 10).
3. Read all the required additional assignments (5%). Reading the optional assignments and attendance affects in-between grades.
4. Complete an 8-12 page (double-spaced) (Th. M. 13-17 pp.) exegesis study of 1-3 sentences in Acts with a one-two page application and a bibliography. Exegesis paper must include every component of an exegesis study. Include the sentence flow in the appendix. Due week 7 (March 15, grace 17 or postmark 3/17) (50%) Only papers handed in on time can be guaranteed returned in time to rewrite. Optional revision due April 17.
5. Translate required Acts selections (10%) using a word list and, as reference, grammar books. (Do not use analytical lexicons or interlinear Bibles.) Four hours maximum per week. Keep a weekly journal of insights and questions encountered in reading Acts.
6. Complete two quizzes based on the translations. The higher grade is recorded (5%). All students are required to take the quiz and have a passing grade. Remedial work is possible. 10% penalty if second quiz not taken with a passing grade.
TEXTS FOR COURSE


Choose 1-2 commentaries of your choice from the bibliography and see other highly recommended resources. Many students have found helpful:

**WEEKLY SESSIONS:**

**Week 1**
(Feb. 1)

A. Introduction to course, course procedures, exegesis papers

B. Explain Wider Context Study

Assignments for next class

Read Aristotle Poetics sections 6-13, 15, 18, 23, 25. (M Heath trans, 5.1-7.2, 8-8.1, 8.5-8.9, 10.1, 11.1-11.3)

What are differences between a historian and a poet?

What aspects of Aristotle's suggestions are helpful for interpreting Acts?


Complete historical context study of Acts.

Optional skim read Lucian's *How to Write History*.

**Week 2**
(Feb 8)

A. How to Interpret Narrative.

B. Quiz. Overview of Events in Acts as they relate to New Testament letters and extra biblical events.

Assignments for next class


Do sentence flow of Acts 1:1-5. Read Joel, 1, 2 Peter.

Read *Words of Delight* ch. 2, pp. 53-90.

Choose text/topic for final paper.

Optional read ch. 1 *Biblical Interpretation Then and Now*.

**Week 3**
(Feb 15)


Discussion of insights and questions.


Assignments for next class


Read Yamauchi, *Africa*, pp. 149-203


Begin final paper.

**Week 4**
(Feb 21-25)

Reading Week – No Classes

**Week 5**
(March 1)


B. Class translation of Acts 8:26-40.

Presentation on Ethiopia.

Assignments for next class


Read Eusebius History of the Church Book 2, paragraphs 1-16

Look up date and text-type for 10:30 variant (Was Cornelius fasting?).

Find date & text-type of consistently cited uncial ms for Acts: a, A, B, C, D², E², y, L, H², K², P², earliest italic, syr, cop.
Week 6 (March 8)
A. Class Translation of Acts 10:24-36
B. Caesarea Significance of Cornelius' and Peter's vision. Review text criticism. Information on centurions, Caesarea and Jewish-Gentile laws (Acts 9-12)
Assignments
Translate Acts 13:42-52
Read about Greco-Roman religions in Paganism and Christianity, pp. 9-151.
Complete final paper.

Week 7 (March 15)
A. Class Translation of Acts 13:42-52
B. Introduction to Greco-Roman gods. Dr. Catherine Clark Kroeger Predestination vs. Free will.
Assignments
Read Eusebius Book 3, paragraphs 27-28

Week 8 (March 21-25) Reading Week- No Class

Week 9 (March 29)
A. Class translation of Acts 15:22-33
B. Disciple Video
Assignments
Read Philippians
Read intro & at least 3 chs in Perspectives on Spirit Baptism for class on Ephesus (week 11).
Read Acts 16:9-15, 36-40 in Greek.

Week 10 (April 5)
A. Class translation of Acts 16:9-15, 36-40
Philippi and Place of women
B. Athens (Acts 17)
Paul's talk with Gentiles. Place of suffering in Acts
Assignments for next class
Read selections from Kroeger and Kroeger, I Suffer Not a Woman, ch 3 pp. 47-58, ch. 5 pp. 67-76, App. 193-211.
Week 11
(April 12)
A. Class translation of Acts 19:1-8
   Discussion of Spirit Baptism (Acts chs. 2, 19 vs. 1 Cor 14)

B. Class translation of Acts 19:23-40
   Ephesus & the mother Goddess & Magic
   Assignments for next class
   Read Eusebius Book 2, paragraphs 19-26; Book 3, paragraphs 30, 31, 37
   and assigned article (Henry Cadbury, “The Knowledge Claimed in Luke’s
   Complete all evaluation forms by last class.

Week 12
(April 19)
A. Quiz. Class translation of Acts 28:16-31

B. Paul in prison in Rome
   What is the purpose of Acts?
   Summary of class: (What was most significant?)

Week 13
(April 26)
Back-up class in case of cancellation due to snow.
CRUCIAL REFERENCES

A Greek Concordance:

Key References for Greek exegesis:

Key Greco-Roman Background References:
Grant, Frederick C., ed. Hellenistic Religions: The Age of Syncretism. Indianapolis: Bobbs Merrill, 1953. BL96.G767

Choose 1-2 commentaries of your choice (* recommended)

Excellent Commentaries for Class Use

For Greek Students:
Written by Luke in Rome (late 70s/80s). Excellent citations by early fathers. Helpful historical lists. Style of many speeches "inferior" to that of the narrative (p. 18). They are "summaries giving the gist of what was really said" (p. 21). Brief but helpful notes. Cautiously believes in miracles (2:3).
Luke wrote Acts @ AD63. Succinct but helpful commentary to Greek.
Luke is author @ AD63 in Rome. Excellent notes on Greek phrases.

Excellent insights on text. The human tongue illuminated by fire was about to be instrument of Gospel's advancement (pp. 20-21). Cites most helpful insights of others. Illustrated.


Luke wrote AD63. Helpful comments on word meanings & parsings.


Luke is author. Excellent study of tongues in ch. 2 cf. with 1 Cor. 14. Excellent clear notes.


For English Students:


Luke wrote @ AD63. "All" filled by H.S. is unique because permanent. Written like an encyclopedia, very helpful notes.


Luke wrote Acts @ AD75 because Gospel of Mark written earlier. Speeches show a "great deal of variety" (p. 11). Author "trips up not once" on historical accuracy.

Other Helpful Greco-Roman References:


Meinardus, Otto F. A. *St. Paul in Ephesus and the Cities of Galatia and Cyprus: In the Footsteps*


Pivotal work on Tarsus, Antioch, Iconium, Derbe, and Lystra.


Other Helpful Secondary References:

Allison, Dale C. "Peter and Cephas: One and the Same." JBL III (Fall, 1992): 489-495.


Chapter 1 is an overview of first century hermeneutics.


Ref PA 3611.A7 V.1


Good Commentaries:


An exhaustive introduction to the textual mss. He does not try to harmonize apparent inconsistencies. Detailed but doesn’t always believe in miracles (e.g. 264. vol. 1).
Exposition.  Footnotes refer to some Greek matters.  Satisfactory notes.

Luke is the author in AD62.  Greek text included.  Sometimes skeptical but good comments on Greek.

Analyzes Acts in light of its Greek, Roman, and Jewish perspective.  Interesting.

Cerinthus discounted authority of Acts.  Scholarly comments and very helpful.


Luke wrote Acts @ AD63.  Circumlocutious but extensive notes in tiny print.


Coworker of Paul wrote Acts at beginning of the 60's.  Extensive introduction, brief notes.

For "general reader." Nice introductory notes are very brief.


**Popular Commentaries that are Excellent:**


Luke is author.  Introductory comments.  Extensive notes on text followed by homiletical thoughts.


Insightful brief sermons, positive to women.


Ten days between ascension and Pentecost.  Insightful comments enmeshed in homiletical comments.  No introductory comments.


Assumes Luke is author.  Acts is the story of all Jesus began to do and to teach by the Holy Spirit through His Body which is the Church (pp 10,13).  Very insightful exposition, but little historical helps.


Literary comments on different verses from someone who believes in the miraculous.


Acts is like biographies of founders of philosophical schools.  Ideas for sermons from different passages.  120 was number of men required to establish a community its own Council (11).  1 Cor. 13:1 "tongues of men" = Acts 2 (p. 15).  Helpful ideas.
Here are some topics for papers that might be narrowed into a text for an exegetical study:

Chapter(s) in parentheses are not intended to be complete.

Potential theological topical papers based on the Book of Acts
What is baptism? How and to whom is it done? (chs. 2, 16, 19)

What does it mean to be baptized by the Holy Spirit (ch. 2)? What does it mean to be filled by the Holy Spirit (ch. 7)? Compare to baptism in John's name (ch. 8). Relation between baptism and Holy Spirit.

What is power? (ch. 1) Can evil have power? (ch. 13)

Place of prayer (chs. 1, 9)

Role of Mary in early church (ch. 1). Also use Eusebius.

Predestination vs. Free Will in Acts (ch. 1)

Harmonizing apparent discrepancies (Judas' death ch. 1)

What is an apostle? (ch. 1)
What is a prophet? (ch. 2)
What is a teacher? (ch. 13)
Is Jesus a man or a human? (ch. 2) aner vs. anthropos and significance.

Who is Jesus in Acts?

Relationship - between wonders and persecution (chs. 2, 8)


How was healing done? (chs. 3, 9)

Compare ministry of word to ministry of service (ch. 6). Relate to "deacons" (1 Tim. 3).

Compare Stephen's last prayer (ch. 7) with James' last prayer and Jesus' last prayer (Luke 23:34). Must consider textual criticism.

Are signs and wonders for today? (ch. 8)

What can we learn about angels? How are they messengers in Acts vs. what is role today? (chs. 10, 12, 27)

Widows - importance of and role in early church

"God shows no partiality" (ch. 10). Define biblically and show significance.

Define different kinds of "silence" (ch. 11, 15, 21). Use Greek concordance.
Compare examples of fasting with teachings about fasting (ch. 13). Is fasting ever required?

Significance of blindness (ch. 13) in Acts.

How does God communicate to people (angels, visions, etc.)? Does God still use same methods today?

What is relation between prophetic message and action? (ch. 21).

**Historical Studies**

What was conflict between Hebrews and Hellenists or was it Jews and Greeks? (chs. 6, 11)

Meaning of "right" (ch. 7) in Acts and in other ancient literature.

Show relation of beginning of church in Ethiopia (ch. 8) to the earliest extracanonical traditions about the Ethiopian church.

Significance of alms among Jews, Romans, and Greeks.

Harmonize famines in Acts with extra biblical references (ch. 11)

Study Feast of Pentecost or Unleavened Bread (ch. 2) and draw significance for understanding text.

Read an Epicurean or Stoic philosopher (e.g. Epictetus) and show how that knowledge helps interpret Acts 17.

Find information on ancient Jewish or pagan exorcists and compare methods to Christian exorcists (ch. 19).

**Rhetorical Studies**

Use of Old Testament by preachers.

Study one evangelistic sermon in Acts: format, similarity & difference to another sermon, effect vs. intent. How was it persuasive? Compare to ancient rhetorical methods. In what way is it a model for today? (chs. 13, 17)

**Potential People to Study. Begin in Acts.**

Peter (chs. 1, 15); Gamaliel (ch. 5) - compare to teachings in the Mishnah; Theudas or Judas the Galilean (ch. 5) - find and compare to extra biblical literature. What was political situation during time of Acts?; Stephen (ch. 6); Dorcas (ch. 9) What is a disciple?; Barnabas (ch. 11); John Mark (ch. 12); Paul; Timothy; Aquila and Priscilla; Apollos (ch. 18); Agabus (ch. 21); Philip; Philip's daughters; Felix, Festus, Agrippa, Bernice - pick a key ruler - study New Testament and extra biblical data; Aristarchus (ch. 27)